

WEATHER AND CROPS.

The City of Chicago is Visited by Unprecedented Floods—Rain Badly Needed in Texas.

A Terrible Cyclone Sweeps Down the Delaware, Leaving Death and Destruction in Its Wake.

Wood County.

MINNEOLA, TEX., Aug. 3.—Your correspondent has interviewed 100 farmers who trade at this point in regard to their cotton and corn crops. Ninety-three of these are well satisfied and expect a liberal yield, five complained of either too much rain or other causes and do not anticipate a very good crop, and two stated that a little more rain is appearing, which may do some damage to their cotton, still they expect a fair crop.

Montague County.

BROWN, TEX., Aug. 3.—A decided change in the temperature took place last night, and for a few hours this morning the air felt more like autumn than mid-summer.

All indications of rain have vanished from human vision, and the probable or even possible duration of this dry spell is a question too hard for mortal ken.

McLennan County.

WACO, TEX., Aug. 3.—Very fine rain fell in the western and northern portions of this county last night. Cotton is suffering some for rain.

McGrogon, TEX., Aug. 3.—A very refreshing shower fell here this afternoon. Cotton is needing rain, and we hope this shower is a preface to a good soaking rain. From appearances of clouds, a fine rain fell north and east of here.

Grain is still coming in. The Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railway has hauled fifty-four car-loads from here in the past month and the Texas & St. Louis railway about the same quantity.

Grayson County.

POTTSBORO, TEX., Aug. 3.—The weather continues very hot and dry. Corn is suffering for want of rain.

Case County.

QUEEN CITY, TEX., Aug. 2.—There was a heavy rainfall last night, accompanied by considerable lightning. An oak tree was struck and torn to atoms within twenty feet of the residence of S. J. Hood. Mr. Hood's family was badly frightened but not injured. There is some complaint of rust in cotton, caused by too much rain. It is thought, however, that the damage from this cause will not be great. Farmers, as a class, are not easily frightened, and "never are, but always be blest."

Watermelons are more numerous this year than ever before in this part of the state, and in consequence are selling at 5 cents for the best. Have some fine ones at 50 cents per dozen.

Buck County.

HENDERSON, TEX., Aug. 3.—A splendid rain fell here last night. Some portions of the county are yet suffering from dry weather.

Denton County.

DENTON, TEX., Aug. 3.—Rain is badly needed in this county.

Caterpillars in South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 3.—Caterpillars have appeared in the cotton fields in several counties, and the bollworm in one or two. Unless their ravages are great the crop will be the largest for years.

A Cloud Burst.

READING, PA., Aug. 3.—The rain this morning was very heavy and appeared like a cloud-burst. Many streets were filled with water from curb to curb. The cellars of many houses were flooded. The workmen were driven out of many foundries by water running into the working rooms. Great damage was done to orchards and the tobacco crop.

Floods in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, MD., Aug. 3.—It has been raining here all day. Jones Falls have overflowed. All the adjacent streets and the center market space are inundated to the depth of two feet. The cellars are flooded in the western section of the city. At Frederick City Carroll creek overflowed its banks and the residents in the depressed portions of the city were all driven from their homes.

An Unprecedented Rainfall.

CHICAGO, ILL., Aug. 3.—The great rain-storm stopped at midnight. The total rainfall in the preceding twelve hours was 5.68 inches, an inch more than the entire rainfall during the month of August in either of the last three years and the greatest fall within the time specified on record. The fall was so great and rapid that the sewers were unable to carry off the volume of water. The damage by the flooding of basements was heavy. Early in the afternoon basements and cellars more than ten feet in depth soon contained two and three feet of water. Numerous families were forced to leave the basements in which they resided and seek temporary lodging in apartments above the level of the streets. Of the residence streets Huron was conspicuous in this respect, the tenants of many of the basement buildings being compelled to leave their homes. The basements and cellars throughout that portion of the south side where the wholesale houses are situated were filled with water to a depth of several feet. The loss through this district is very heavy, though no estimate of the damage can be made. The water from the sewers and the overflowing gutters flooded the Palmer house basement last evening, putting out the fires under the boiler of the engine by which the electric lights were run. Three of the lights had to be dispensed with. The management of the house was remodeling the rear office of the hotel and had entirely removed the skylight which roofed the room, and the rain descended unintercepted into that portion of the basement throughout the day and night.

In the new opera-house block the same

agency extinguished the fires under the engines that ran the elevators and compelled the stopping of the elevators. All the newly improved streets are reported to be in a bad condition.

The Randolph street railway track is

badly washed out near Ann street. All that portion of the city west of Ashland avenue and south of Twelfth street is covered with water to the depth of two feet. This is due to the fact that this portion of the city is about four feet lower than the more improved portions.

THE PARTICULARS.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Aug. 3.—A terrible cyclone sweeping up the Delaware river this afternoon struck this city near Greenbank Point, demolishing a portion of the works of the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing company and injuring several employees. It then took a course across the river, wrecking the river steamer Major Ribbold and the ferryboat Peerless. The storm blew the pilot, Emory Townsend, and the captain, Eugene Ribbold, off the steamer Ribbold into the river, drowning the former and painfully injuring the captain. The Peerless was swept clean almost to the water's edge. When the Major Ribbold left her docks for Salem, N. J., she had on board about fifty passengers, although, as yet, it has been almost impossible to ascertain the correct number. There were aboard fourteen officers and deckhands. Of this number of people upon the wrecked boat, it does not appear that any lives were lost except that of the pilot, although it is not impossible that some of the passengers were washed off and lost without any one knowing it. A steam tug coming up the river after the disaster reports that the body of a woman was seen for a few minutes floating in the river near the spot where the cyclone struck the steamboat, but she sank out of sight and could not be found when the tug made a search for her.

B. J. Warner, one of the passengers, describes the scene. He was standing on the upper deck and saw the storm approaching, but as it moved rather slowly he supposed it was a rain-storm. When it struck the boat he discovered that its immense force came from its rotary motion. He and several others were thrown through a hole to the lower deck and all the upper works were swept away like chaff. The confusion among the passengers was indescribable, and several of them jumped in the river, but Mr. Warner believes all of them were rescued. While the cyclone was upon the vessel everything was as black as the blackest night. The sofas were broken to splinters and the carpets torn to threads as if they had been paper. The cyclone, he thinks, lasted about a minute, and after it passed the vessel rolled and pitched frightfully in the great waves, and came near swamp ing.

A Cyclone.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—A special to the Morning News from Smyrna, Del., says: "A terrible cyclone visited this section this afternoon, totally destroying property for miles in a swath 300 feet wide. Stock is killed and orchards, corn-fields, etc., are destroyed. No lives are known to have been lost."

Weather Report.

The cotton-belt weather report of Texas, showing the maximum and minimum temperature, also the rainfall for the past twenty-four hours, is as follows:

STATIONS.	Max.	Min.	Rain.	Temp. full.
Galveston	89	80	.00	
Houston	93	74	.00	
Beaumont	102	75	.00	
Waco	90	70	.00	
Corpus Christi	96	69	.00	
Dallas	90	72	.00	
San Antonio	97	72	.00	
El Paso	101	73	.00	
Palestine	95	74	.00	
Columbia	94	75	.00	
Huntsville	98	74	.00	
Longview	90	74	.00	
Austin	98	77	.00	
Tyler	94	74	.00	
Weatherford	90	62	.00	
Benton	102	67	.00	
Orange	94	69	.00	
Luling	98	77	.00	
Wichita	98	74	.00	
Sour Lake	94	74	.00	
Beaumont	94	69	.00	
Mean	96.7	72.7	.00	

REORGANIZATION.

The Texas & St. Louis Road to be Pinned On Its Feet.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 3.—Col. J. W. Paramore, president of the Texas & St. Louis railroad, returned from New York to-day, and Col. S. W. Forsythe, receiver, will return to-morrow. On Saturday last prior to Col. Paramore's departure from New York a meeting of the stock and bond holders' committee was held and an understanding was arrived at by which a reorganization scheme will be pushed. Within ninety days, it is alleged, the road will be taken out of the receiver's hands and by next summer it is anticipated that the gauge of the road will be widened to standard and the road extended to St. Louis. Col. Paramore declines to give full details of the reorganization scheme, but says those of the stock and bondholders who are unable to advance any more money will have their old holdings protected at a rate, of course lower than the rate of holding of those who put up more money. A circular will be issued the latter part of this week, which will give all details of the plan of reorganization. Until then Col. Paramore says it will be unwise to disclose any part of the plans.

CLEBURNE.

Arrangements Completed for the Reunion—Other Notes.

Special to the Gazette.

CLEBURNE, TEX., Aug. 3.—The arrangements for accommodating a large crowd at Parsons' brigade reunion on Wednesday and Thursday are about complete. A platform for speakers and seats for audiences, as well as booths for refreshment stands, have been erected in a grove half a mile northeast of town. Sixty animals of various sorts will be slaughtered, and everything to eat, except bread, will be furnished to the guests.

The Cleburne Historical club will give a dramatic performance on Thursday evening for the benefit of the Cleburne Light Guards.

The Lone Star Debating club and a similar club from Alvarado had a joint debate Saturday night on the subject of state regulation of railroads. The decision was that the corporations must be controlled by the civil authority. A victory for the Cleburne young men.

The reason why men succeed who mind their own business is because there is so little competition.

A kind of rat in Kamschatka makes spacious compartments underground and fills them with food for the winter.

FUNERAL OBSEQUIES.

Private Services at the Cottage to be Held To-day and the Remains Removed to Albany.

A Project on Foot to Erect a Monument on the Military Reservation at Fort Leavenworth.

TO THE REPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Clerk Clark of the house of representatives wishes all congressmen who desire to attend Gen. Grant's funeral to telegraph him at Washington, so Gen. Hancock may be advised and provision made for them in the line of the procession.

THE WESTMINSTER SERVICES.

LEAVENWORTH, Aug. 3.—The Grant memorial service in Westminster Abbey bids fair to being the largest assemblage of Americans that has ever met in London. The whole space of the choir and under the lanterns has been allotted to Americans, from whom applications have been received for over 1100 tickets. The dean of Westminster will come to London specially to officiate. The service will be the same as that rendered at the funeral of Lord Lawrence.

CHURCH SUBSCRIPTIONS ASKED FOR.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—The Grant Memorial association to-day issued an address to the clergymen of the United States suggesting that contributions be asked in their respective churches on the Sunday following the burial of Gen. Grant, the sum contributed to go towards the erection of a monument to his memory above his grave.

GEN. HANCOCK ON THE MOUNT.

MOUNT MCGREGOR, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Gen. Hancock arrived this morning. He telegraphed here from Saratoga that no salutes should be fired in his honor upon his arrival at Mount McGregor, as it would be in bad taste. The general marched at the head of his staff up the slope to the cottage, where he was met by Col. Grant. None but the general and his staff officers were admitted to the cottage at that time, but later the doors were thrown open to the general public.

A GRANT MONUMENT.

LEAVENWORTH, KAN., Aug. 3.—A meeting was held at Gen. Miles headquarters at Fort Leavenworth to-day, for devising plans for raising a subscription fund to place a Grant monument on the military reservation at Fort Leavenworth. Gen. Miles presided. Among those present from abroad were ex-Gov. Crittenden of Missouri, Gov. Martin of Kansas, Col. Stewart, department commander of the G. A. R. of Kansas, Gen. Ruger and Gen. Martin of the army. Telegrams were read from Gov. Marmaduke of Missouri, B. R. Sherman, governor of Iowa; Senator Plumb, Judge McGree and others, warmly endorsing the movement. A committee of arrangements was appointed with Gen. Miles as chairman and letters were sent to Governors Marmaduke of Missouri, Daves of Nebraska, Eaton of Colorado and Sherman of Iowa asking their cooperation in raising funds. The idea of placing a Grant monument west of Mississippi river at Fort Leavenworth originated with Generals Miles and Sheridan in conversation between these gentlemen, while in camp in the Indian Territory.

VIRGINIA TO OBSERVE THE FUNERAL DAY.

RICHMOND, VA., Aug. 3.—Gov. Cameron has issued a proclamation setting forth that

Whereas, by the death of Gen. U. S. Grant the country is called upon to mourn the loss of an illustrious citizen whose deeds have made him famous throughout the world, and whose generosity in a memorable event in the fortunes of this state has left an indelible impression on the hearts of our people. It is ordered that on the day of the funeral all the state offices be closed, the flags on the capitol be displayed at half-mast and hourly guns be fired from sunrise to sunset. The citizens throughout the commonwealth are recommended to observe the occasion by appropriate religious ceremonies. Four companies of the state militia are ordered to New York to participate in the obsequies.

THE FUNERAL DAY.

MOUNT MCGREGOR, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Notwithstanding the heavy rain storm the train up the mountain from Saratoga were crowded and the single file of those who passed the cottage to view the remains did not cease until 6 o'clock. The funeral service over the remains of the departed general will be held at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning and will probably be concluded about noon. Rev. Mr. Newman will deliver the funeral sermon, inside the cottage if it is stormy, from the veranda if it is fair. Dr. Newman will not speak either at Albany or New York. The Grand Army ritual service will be conducted at New York by the Meade post of Philadelphia. Gen. Hancock and his staff will come up from Saratoga in the morning in time for the services and Gen. Sherman will accompany them. The programme of saluting with cannon to-morrow according to the order of the war department will be thirteen guns at sunrise, thirty-one at sundown and one gun every half hour throughout the day. After the ceremonies to-morrow the remains will be taken to the train and conveyed thence to Albany.

Col. Grant this evening issued an invitation to all the representatives of foreign nations accredited to this government to participate in the ceremonies in New York.

DENTON.

Thirty-Four Hundred Dollar Blaze—Court Notes.

Special to the Gazette.

DENTON, TEX., Aug. 3.—A fire broke out in Finnegon & Aiken's livery stable, on the east side of the square, this morning at 4 o'clock. It was a frame building and was soon destroyed. The fire company was promptly on hand and worked well, but could do nothing but save adjoining buildings. Loss: A. E. Graham, stable, \$2000; insurance, \$1200; W. A. Ponder, phaeton, \$500; no insurance; J. B. Schmitts, harness, \$400; no insurance; Sam Hunter, barber shop, \$500; cash in shop \$114; no insurance. Finnegon & Aiken, harness, feed, etc., \$180; no insurance.

The adjoining brick buildings of

W. J. Austin on the north and T. J. Douglass on the south had their walls considerably damaged. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp.

Bill East, alias Bill Henderson, pleaded guilty to burglary this morning in the district court and was assessed two years in the penitentiary.

Dennis Cranston was convicted of bigamy and given three months in the penitentiary.

J. W. Cox, for theft of cattle, was given five years in the penitentiary.

The wife of Marshal Fulton obtained a divorce from her absent hiege lord to-day.

The normal music school opened this morning.

KEMP.

J. C. Wilson Takes His Life by Means of Strichnine.

Special to the Gazette.

KEMP, TEX., Aug. 3.—A man by the name of J. C. Wilson, living four miles west of Kemp, took thirty grains of strichnine and died in twenty minutes. Mr. Wilson was a renter on Newton Berryman's farm. He formerly lived in Alto, Cherokee county, and also in Angelena county, where he has a brother and sister living. No cause can be ascertained for his rash act, save he had been sick and had some little misunderstanding with his father-in-law, Mr. McBee. Wilson leaves a wife and three children. He asked his wife to go to the lot and turn out some cows about 2 o'clock Saturday morning. While she was out he went to his trunk, took out a bottle of strichnine containing one dram, poured about half of it into his hand, then, taking it out of his hand, washing it down with three glasses of water. His wife came in and in about ten minutes Wilson told her he had taken the poison, and would be dead in a few minutes. She examined the bottle and found his statement too true, and then gave the alarm. When two neighbors arrived, who lived some 200 yards off, they found him breathing his last. The jury of inquest rendered a verdict that J. C. Wilson came to his death from a dose of strichnine, administered by his own hand.

SHERMAN.

Failure of a Newspaper Venture—Around-Town Notes.

Special to the Gazette.

SHERMAN, TEX., Aug. 3.—Another effort to fill a long-felt want in the field of daily journalism came to grief this morning. The Sherman Journal that launched its bark on the precarious sea of popular favor on the 12th day of June, of this year of grace, 1885, published its valedictory to the Sherman people this morning, and reiterates the well-known truth that "moral support" will not keep a newspaper alive. The typographical force of the Journal is still in the city, but several of the editorial staff have gone to Denison, and the report is current here that they have bought out the Herald-News and will convert that sterling Democratic paper into an independent, "half boss and half alligator" sort of a paper, that neither prays to God nor devils for favors, but takes the place of a stray dog in town, with nobody to love it and no one to caress when the time of need comes. This reported sale of the Herald-News has not been confirmed, and it is yet a question if such a trade can be made.

Mr. Phillips, the owner of the Journal, has been confined to his room in the Binky house with typhoid fever for the past month, and has been unable to attend to any business during the critical period of financial embarrassment that enveloped the paper, and for that reason has the unqualified sympathy of every citizen of Sherman.

The best-informed newspaper men of the community predicted the downfall of the Journal within a period of six months or less, and it is no surprise to them to witness its collapse.

This event has been the sensation of the past twenty-four hours, but no material interest of the city will be injured by it. With the Sherman Courier and the Fort Worth Gazette to read, our people can be fairly well supplied with the news, and in a few days things will rock along as if nothing unusual had happened.

This being stray sale day a large crowd of country folks have filled the public plaza since 10 o'clock this morning, and the business of swapping ponies has been lively indeed.

The examining trial of Wash Humes for the killing of Ed White last Friday night has been in progress before Justice Hinkle's court to-day. No conclusion has been arrived at yet.

Judge Hurt after concluding the habeas corpus case has been taking a recess with his old friends in Sherman among whom he lived for many years as a citizen.

An Artist Suggests.

Tid-bits.

Meissonne suggests the foundation of a chemical laboratory for colors, to which artists can take the pigments and other materials which they use in their work in order to have them tested for durability and general excellence. At present artists are helpless, and without wishing to be dishonest to their clients, are liable to use colors which will fade in time or even infect other colors of the picture. Picture buyers ought to be protected in some way from the changes that take place in paintings of great value, but artists are even more interested in being certain of the permanence of tints, because their fame in the years to come must rest thereon.

Air and Sunshine.

Hall's Journal of Health.

Light and life are inseparable; that is, such was the generally received opinion many years ago, and in accordance with it, houses were built, liberally supplied with windows, and as liberally now-but go along any of the fashionable streets of New York, and you will find not less than three, and often six, distinct contrivances to keep out the sunshine and gladness. First, the Venetian shutter on the outside; second, the close shutter on the inside; third, the blind which is moved by rollers; fourth, the damask or other material. In the same train comes the exclusion of external air by means of double sash and a variety of patent contrivances to keep off any little stray whiff of air from entering at the bottom, sides and tops of doors and windows. At this rate, we will, in due time, dwindle into Lilliputs, if indeed we do not die off sooner, with all science and art, and leave the world to begin anew, from the few sons of civilization. We lay it down as a health axiom—the more out-door air and cheery sunshine a man can use, the longer he will live.

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

The Work of Reorganizing the Consular Service to be Completed About January Next.

The Commission of C. F. Bailey as Solicitor of Customs Held Up at Secretary Bayard's Request.

A CHANCE FOR TEXAS.

Special to the Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—It is stated to-night that thirty or forty consuls will be appointed in the next two or three days. Texas may be in the list.

RUMORS OF WAR.

Special to the Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—There is a promise of hot times among the Louisiana politicians shortly. Senator Eastus, after declaring war upon the administration, went to Europe, leaving the field to the enemy, and in the scramble for office all of his followers got left out in the cold, while the Gibson faction gobbled up the pork. The favored faction has shown a disposition to crow over the followers of Eastus, who are said to constitute the majority of Bourbon Democracy of the state. Senator Eastus is due from Europe in New York to-day and it is supposed that he will take a hand in a bitter anti-administration movement and that Louisiana politics will continue to get hotter.

AN ATTEMPT TO KEEP BAILEY OUT.

Special to the Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Col. C. F. Bailey's commission as solicitor of customs corpus Christi was held up to-day by a note from Secretary Bayard to Secretary Manning. The note stated that Mr. Jerome had been appointed and confirmed as a Democrat and he hoped the removal would not be made, unless for cause, until the term expired. Judge Chenoweth was very indignant over the matter and went over to see why the secretary of state was interfering in Texas politics. Mr. Bayard said he had only sent Jerome's telegram over with an explanation, thinking that a Democrat had been turned out. Judge Chenoweth told him that he had been imposed upon; that Jerome was a Republican importation and president of a Blaine club and said he: "We do not propose that Texas shall be a Botany bay for the sons of Irish New Yorkers. We want home talent and we have got plenty of it."

The secretary said he was through with the case. Jerome, it seems, was sent to Texas to be taken care of by the Republicans. He had been dismissed from the army. His record as collector is not good. All of his deputies and subordinates are bitter Republican partisans. Bailey will get his place.

Mayor Magoffin has his commission in his pocket.

Col. Cooke is said to be good for the collectorship at Brazos De Santiago.

STUCK BY PENSION LIGHTNING.

Special to the Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Mr. A. D. Wilcox of San Antonio has been selected by Commissioner Black from the list supplied from the civil-service commission to fill the vacancy in the special examiners' corps of the pension department. Mr. Wilcox has been a clerk to Senator Maxey's committee.

CATTLEMEN WAITING ON GROVER.

Special to the Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The cattlemen will see the president to-morrow. They hope to be allowed to remain on the reservations until spring.

REORGANIZING THE CONSULAR SERVICE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—A prominent state department official says the reorganization of the consular service will be completed about January next. There is said to be an increased inclination among business men to enter the South American markets. Consuls upon entering this new territory will be expected to make such reports of the resources of the country as will be valuable to the business men in deciding upon trading with those states. Some severe comments are being made upon the consuls in South America and Central America. About two hundred consular posts yet remain to be filled. The majority of these are small agencies paying salaries or fees amounting to not less than \$1000.

PRESIDENTIAL PROGRAMME.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—It is probable the president will visit Albany after the funeral of Gen. Grant and before he goes to the mountains. He expects to be able to get there Sunday next. Secretary Manning, who will spend the month of August at Watchkill, Conn., with his family, will probably accompany him to Albany. It is expected that Secretary Lamar and Atty.-Gen. Garland will remain in Washington during the president's absence. The other members of the cabinet will take a vacation. Owing to the illness of Mrs. Bayard it is not expected that the secretary of state will spend most of the summer season at Washington. Secretaries Endicott and Whitney and Postmaster-General Vilas will spend most of the summer at their homes. The two former will make short visits to Washington whenever their presence is required. It is not definitely settled what day the president and his party will leave Washington for New York, but it will be either Thursday or Friday of this week, most likely the latter day.

APPOINTMENTS FOR THE NEW ORLEANS MINT.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The president this afternoon appointed Frank P. Clauson to be assayer and Leonard Magruder to be meter and refiner at the New Orleans mint.

HIGGINS TO BE RETAINED.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Secretary Manning says no change will be made in the office of the appointment division, and that it was never contemplated that Mr. Albright should succeed Mr. Higgins.

COMMISSIONED.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The president to-day commissioned Baker P. Lee to be collector of customs at Yorktown, Va., and Adelaide Guernon to be collector of customs for the district of Minnesota.

These appointments were made some time ago but the commissions were withheld in order that further investigation of the charges against the incumbents of the

offices might be made. The commissions have been made and the incumbents pending. Mr. Baker P. Lee was a prominent candidate for nomination at the Democratic convention.

PRESIDENTIAL POSTMASTERS.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The president has appointed the following postmasters: Henry G. Ashmead, Chester, Pa.; John A. Wallace, suspended; William A. Walker, Altoona, Pa.; M. J. Thomas Hughes, New York; John B. Mitchell, New York; Gen. M. J. Ufford, Wakefield, Mass.; J. W. Millard, resigned; Samuel J. Hess, Fredonia, Kan.; Miles T. Cantwell, suspended; Robert R. McBridge, suspended; vice Gus Borden, suspended; Thomas J. Wall, Columbus, Mo.; T. C. Sturgis, suspended; William T. Hall, Beloit, Wis.; Chalmers Ingersoll, suspended; W. R. Alderson, Tracy City, Tenn.; William Prichard, suspended.

ISSUE OF STANDARD SILVER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The standard silver dollars from the mint during the week ended Aug. 3, 1885, 492; during the corresponding period last year, 825,497.

WHERE SHALL THEY GO?

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—A number representing the cattlemen holding in the Cheyenne and Arapaho territories called upon the secretary of the Interior this afternoon and were accompanied by interview. They represented that in accordance with the terms of the proclamation ordering the removal of their cattle from the mountains would be ruinous to their interests. They claimed that the regulations of the Colorado against Texas cattle had been in effect for some time, and that the cattlemen of Texas had been driven out of the state, and Texas was stocked to its utmost capacity. They claimed that the regulations of the Colorado would prevent the movement of cattle after the 1st of December, but the grass was not burnt for pasture and the cattle would starve. The delegation expressed willingness and even their desire to move their cattle as soon as possible without the risk of serious disease. They claimed that the time could be extended until April for the beginning of the new giving them till July 1 to complete their stock, amounting to 250,000 head. They represented briefly that the cattlemen in all parts of the country related intimately to the cattle industry and were liable to be affected by any sweeping disaster which should befall the cattlemen. They stated